

Evaluating noise perception through online social networks: A text mining approach to design a noise-event alarm system based on social media content

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Crowdsourcing

People act like human sensors voluntarily



Social computing



People express their feelings directly on Social Media



Our method





-Yes

Which is the **noise source**?

-

Indoor

Nature

Transport

Human

Mechanical









1st June and 1st September 2017

+5,6M tweets

+840k tweets



Manual annotation of tweets



- 2 categories: Noise complaint or not
- \circ ~10k annotated tweets
 - Complaints: 580
 - o **Other: 9427**

Preprocessing

Tokenizer	Idk – whaaaat – are - u - doing
Normalizer	
Preprocessing	idk – what – are - u - doing
Slang/Mispelling corrector	I - don't – know – what – are – you - doing
Contraction replacement	I – do – not – know – what – are – you - doing
Part of Speech Tagging	I;O – do;V – not; R – know;V – what;O - are;V – you;O -





Feature extraction

- **N-grams**
- **PoS Features**
- Sentiment features
- Embeddings

Maximum Entropy Classifier

- **TPR =0,85**
- **FPR = 0,16**







Chatty maps taxonomy + WordNet

- Transport
- Nature
- o **Human**
- Music
- o Indoor
- o **Mechanical**

Presence of words in the lexicon

86% labels correctly predicted

Case study Noise event alarm system

Noise complaint time series



Time Series of detected noise complaints in Twitter (May -Sept. 2017) Author: Luis Gascó - Follow me on twitter: @LuisGasco Total Human Indoor Mechanical Music Nature Transport

jul. 17

Date

ago. 17

sep. 17

jun. 17

400

150

100 50

0 150

100

Number of noise 50 0 150 100

> 50 0 150

100 50 0

may. 17

o 32k complaints

19k with at least one noise source

Anomalous days detection

• AutoRegressive Integrated Moving Average (ARIMA)

• Anomalous days ~ noise problem with those noise sources

• How could know the origin of those complaints?



eit

Most used words during anomalous days for each sound category





Noisy activities detector

Statistical Process Control theory

Limit cover 99,7% of normal days

- If one day that limit is exceeded, we may conclude that a noise event related to fireworks has been detected.
- Detecting big festivities based on appearance of some words on the complaints



Conclusions

 Development and testing of a noise complaint detector with sound source identification based on data from online social networks.

• Acoustic annoyance alarm system for the detection of noisy events, which can be implemented by city managers to measure the effectiveness of actions against noise in this type of events.





WHAT'S NEXT

Adapt the methodology to analyze other data sources with longer texts

Development of labelled twitter dataset to be used as a basis for future models

Development of tools to facilitate research in this field, e.g. collaborative annotating tools





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